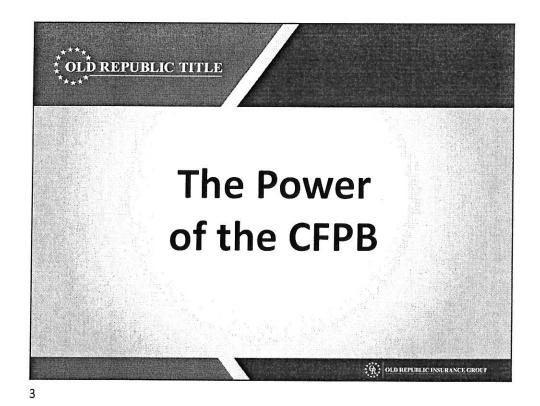


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US Supreme Court Decision: Constitutionality of CFPB 6/2020

- 6/2020 Supreme Court rules CFPB structure unconstitutional.
- Chief Justice John Roberts (majority 5-4) "the structure of the CFPB violates the separation of powers."
- "The agency may therefore continue to operate, but its director, in light of our decision, must be removable by the president at will."





CFPB's Enforcement Actions Investigations Filed federal lawsuits Take administrative actions Cease and desist orders Refer to Doj for criminal acts Report to IRS

CFPB's Enforcement Powers

Rescind Contracts

Order payments

Fines
Restitution
Award damages

Fublish Investigation and Findings
Rulemaking

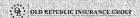
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CFPB's Ultimate Weapon



Unfair, Deceptive, Abusive, Acts or Practices





7

Defining UDAAP

Unfairness:

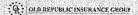
The act/practice that causes or is likely to cause substantial injury to a Consumer that the Consumer cannot reasonably avoid.

Abusive:

The act/practice that materially interferes with the ability of a consumer to understand a term or condition of a consumer financial product or service; or takes unreasonable advantage of—

- Consumer's lack of understanding;
- the inability of the consumers to protect themselves; or
- the consumer's reliance on the professional.



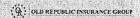


U.D.A.A.P.



2019 CFPB enforcement actions cited **UDAAP** findings





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CFPB's Statutory Penalties

\$5,000 per day per violation

for errors

\$25,000 per day per violation

• Reckless conduct

\$1 million per day per violation

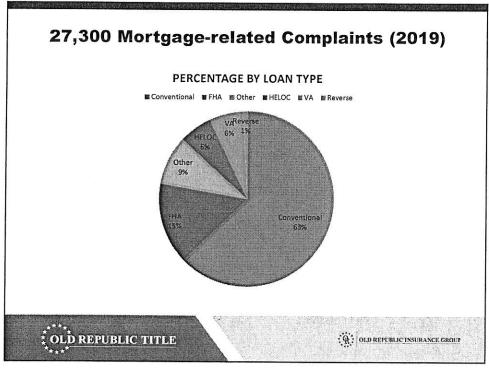
Knowing violations





Where does the money go Fines to others • State departments • Other regulators • State AGs Direct Restitution Civil Money Penalty Fund

11



As of 9/2/2020

198 Actions consummated

\$ 972,100,849 Fines to others

\$8,006,523,114 Restitution to consumers

\$ 877,831,803 Civil Money Penalty Fund

\$ 501,678,576 CFPB Fines & Disgorgement

\$10,358,134,342 TOTAL

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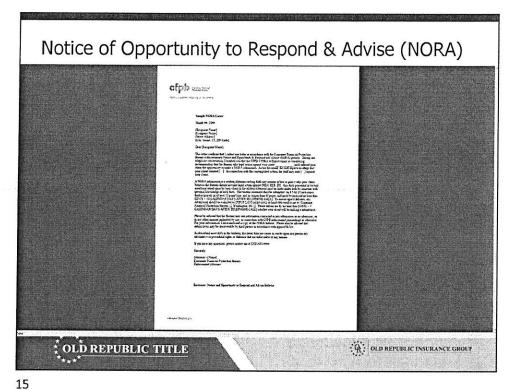
Mortgage and Settlement Industry \$

43.6%

• fines, penalties and restitution from residential real estate transactions

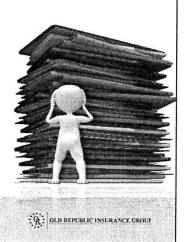


OLD RITTORIC INSURANCE GROUP

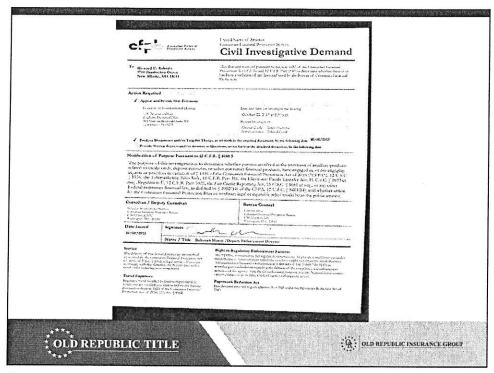


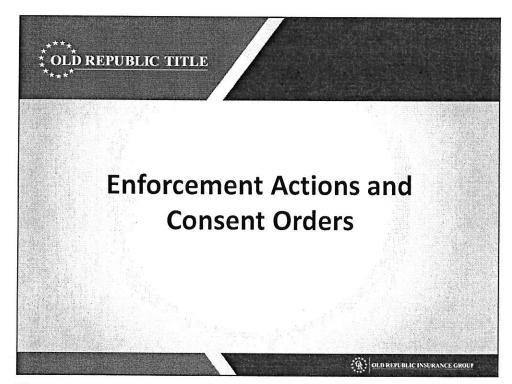
Notice of Opportunity to Respond & Advise (NORA)

- Pre-enforcement action
- Response due in 14 days
- < 40 pages



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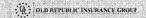






Affiliated Business Arrangements

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Blueprint includes

- 24 CFR 3500.15
 - Three requirements for safe harbor §8(c)4
- · Policy Statement 1996-2
 - The 10-point test

http://www.hud.gov/offices/hsg/ramh/res/res0607c.cfm



OF OLD BEDIEN IC INSURANCE COOLS

The Carter Decision

Carter v Welles Bowen Realty, Inc. 736 F 3rd 722 (6th 2013

Welles Bowen Realty title agency

Court: Defendants satisfied the RESPA 8(c)4 for safe harbor:

Disclosure

No required use

Return based on ownership

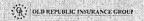
HUD Statement of Policy 1996-2 (10-point analysis)

received no deference (Chevron deference)

Kentucky, Ohio*, Tennessee, Michigan

* See state Code



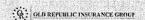


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Disclosure Lessons

- Civil Investigative Demand received
 - All RE and Title documents 2009-2012
 - Hard drives of executives and managers
 - Review ownership between realty and title
 - Review compensation between all affiliations
 - Review compensation of executives
 - Review rental payments



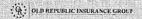


Disclosure Lessons

Findings

- Inclusion of Title Company in contract = required use
- Disclosure
 - Added language, Added logo, Did not use bold words
- \$500,000 Civil Money Penalty within 10 calendar days
- \$600,000+ legal fees
- \$80,000 e-discovery costs: Defendant's General Counsel
- · Hundreds of hours



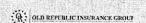


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New Jersey Title Code re: Fees

- Rating Bureau State
- Filed premiums, Endorsements
- Filed closing fee \$300 \$325
- Filed exam fee \$100/chain





US District Court 3rd Circuit Class Action Lannin vs NRT Title (2018)

- Defendants:
 - 11 Joint venture title agencies
 - 1 Messenger service company
 - 1 Escrow company

All owned or partially owned by intertwined entities

Motion to Dismiss (8/27/2019)

Granted as to two defendants

Denied as to NRT Title



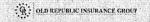


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FEES FOR SERVICES NOT RENDERED

- Document review \$75
- Preparation of legal description \$50 (allowed only if prepped from new plan)
- Transaction management fee \$25
- Messenger fee \$50
- Closing prep \$300
- Secondary mortgage market endorsement \$25
 TOTAL \$525/file





Affiliated Business Arrangements *Regulatory Trends**







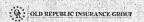
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Ohio:

Title Insurance Controlled Business Arrangements §3901-7-04

- Department of insurance incorporated HUD 1996
 Policy Statement guidelines in regulations
- "In determining whether an entity is a sham arrangement, the superintendent may consider factors similar to those used to determine whether a controlled business arrangement is a sham arrangement under RESPA..."

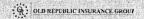




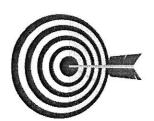
Utah §31-23a-1001 et seq

- · Repeals existing prohibition
- May 14, 2019
- RESPA regulations plus
 - \$100,000 minimum capitalization
 - 30% outside business
 - Most 1996 Policy Statement guidelines
 - Core Title "Essential" Services requirement
- Division of Real Estate to enforce

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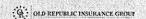
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Target #2

Marketing Service Agreements, Desk Rentals, Sales Employment

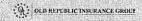




Lighthouse Title - Michigan

- Determinations
 - \$ paid had no relationship to value of services
 - · Fees based on what competition was paying
 - Recognized that real estate agents threatened title agent
- Business increased after MSA
- \$200,000 Civil Money Penalty

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Stonebridge - New Jersey 2014

Title company and Real Estate Agents

- 2008 2014 paid "referral commissions"
- 40% of Insurance Commissions
- "Independent Salespeople"
- · Had state title licenses
- W-2





Creig Northrop Team May 2013

Federal lawsuit

- Employment agreement with settlement co.
 - Did not maintain set hours
 - Did not conduct closings, process files, no office, telephone, email address Disciplined non-cooperative team members
- Post Employment MSA
 Lakeview exclusive provider
 Paid \$6,000 \$12,000/mo unspecified services
- · Federal lawsuit \$11 m seeking Class certification
- March 2020 4th Circuit rules plaintiffs have no standing under Article III
 Did not assert that they were overcharged for title services,





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Genuine Title - Maryland

- Two National Lenders: 2009-2013
 - Paid for marketing leads from third-party loan officers
 - · Paid for marketing letters to be:
 - · Printed, Folded, Stuffed, Mailed
- 106 loan officers, 21 branches
- Paid wife of one LO in cash to appear more "compliant"

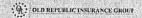




The "E" in email = evidence

- Title entity emails to printing company:
 - "I need you to provide me with some invoices that we will ultimately not use."
 - "Can we also have 'Invoices' for certain loan officers Printed, Stuffed, Folded & Posted for 500 each? They would be individual 'Fake' invoices for the job you did for them last week. You did a few jobs for them so we just need fake invoices."
 - Directed to put LO's name on invoice but send them to Genuine Title.



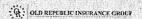


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Consent Orders

- Lender #1:
 - Money Judgement to CFPB/CPD = \$10.8 Million
 - Fine to CFPB = \$21 Million
 - Fine to Md. CPD = \$3 Million
- Lender #2:
 - Money Judgement to CFPB/CPD = \$300,753
 - Fine to CFPB = \$500,000
 - Fine to Md CPD = \$100,000

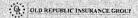




National Lender #3 8/28/2020

- Class Certified by 4th District Court vs Lender
- RESPA 1-year SOL tolled by theory of fraudulent concealment
- Alleged gross overcharging to fund kickbacks
- Genuine Title previous testimony
 - Admissibility challenged by defendant
 - Title agent testified he would have preferred "to give the borrower back a couple extra hundred dollars instead of paying it to them..."





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